الكلاسيكية

الاسئلة الوزارية جميع الادوار والسنوات
موزعة حسب الوحدات مع الحل النموذجي

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Unite one

القطع

1. what dose Mustafa's mother suffer from?

   she suffers from diabetes (blood sugar).

2. why was the mother proud of Mustafa?

   because he was calm, intelligent and he saved her life.

3. what can high blood pressure cause?

   it can cause strokes and heart attacks

4. Mustafa had to stand on a chair to ....

   to open the front door for the paramedics

5. Mustafa's father was suffering from diabetes (true\false)

   false

6. Mustafa found his mother in the .... (a, kitchen b, bedroom c, bathroom)

   b, bedroom

7. how did the paramedics treat Mustafa's mother?

   they treated her quickly and efficiently by giving her an injection of insulin

8. Six dolphins.......(a. Bit the shark b. Made a lot of noise protected Tariq)

C. Protected Tariq

9. What can high blood pressure cause?

It causes storks and heart attacks

10. What saved Tariq?

    Six dolphins saved Tariq

11. Zaid Tariq was .... (a. Abed swimmer b. On holiday c. working in Egypt)

On holiday

12. Who rescued Tariq by boat?
Jameel Elalawi rescued Tariq by boat.

13. Where did Mustafa find his mother?
He found her mother in her bedroom.

14. Mustafa was puzzled because his mother didn't come into his room.

15. Why did Zaid Tariq scream?
Because he need help

16. Mustafa's mother suffers from high blood pressure

(true\false)

false

17. What did Mustafa tell the emergency operator?

Mustafa told the emergency operator "My mummy is sick. She needs a doctor."

18. When Zaid Tariq got back to the dry land he was taken ....

(a, straight back to his hotel b, to get medical attention)

to get medical attention

19. Zaid Tariq was bitten by the dolphins. (true / false)

false

20. Why did Mustafa's mother lose consciousness?
Because the levels of sugar in her blood drop too low

21. What was Zaid Tariq doing when he saw the shark?
Zaid was swimming when he saw the shark

القواعد

1. Khalid (play) football when he broke his ankle. (correct)

Was playing

2. .... An average of eight hours a night is about right.(use an imperative to give advice)
3. A thief took our clothes as we were (swim). (correct)

As we were swimming

4. I like those shoes. Can I (try \on\ them). (put in the correct order)

Can I try them on?

5. She (wear) glasses, but now she has contact lenses. (use the correct form of -used to)

She used to wear glasses, but now she has contact lenses

6. Hasan Saab owns (own) a chain of health clubs in the Middle East.
7. I (clean) my room and I (find) 30$ under my bed. (put one verb in the past continuous and one in the past simple)
   Was cleaning, found.
8. He (have) his hair cut at the hairdresser's but now his wife (cut) if for him. (use the correct form of [use to] and the present or past simple) Used to have, cuts.
9. Stamp collecting is a nice hobby, when did you (it-up-take) [put in the correct order]

when did you take it up?

10. My cousin hid me purse under the stair while I ......(not look) [put the verb in the correct order) Was not (wasn't) looking.

11. I (have) a bicycle, but someone (steal) it last week. (use the correct form of [use to] and the present or past simple)

I used to have a bicycle, but someone stolen it last week.

12. She (tell) us to be quiet as we (make) too much noise. (put one verb in the past simple and one in the past continuous).

She told us to be quite as we were making too much noise.

13. My cousin hid me purse under the stair while I ......(not look) [put the verb in the correct order) Was not (wasn't) looking.

I can't remember when (I\took up\it). (put in the correct order) I took it up

14...... It's the most important meal of the day. (use an imperative to give advice)

Never miss breakfast

15. What time have they gone to bed last night . (Rewrite the sentence correctly)

what time did they go to bed last night?

16. I can't remember when I\took up\ it. (put in the correct order) took it up

17. She (not be) so thin, but she got very ill last year and lost a lot of weight. (use the correct form of :use to)

She didn't use to be.

18. While my baggage (go) through the X-ray machine, I walked through the metal detector. (correct) was going
19. Cities .... (not be) polluted. (used to) didn't use to be.
20. While he .... (skate). He fell over. (use the correct form of the verb) was skating.
21. He (like) going out, but now he always wants to stay at home, (use the correct form of: use to) He used to like going out, but now he always wants to stay at home.
22. Luckily, Sharifa didn't drive very fast. The child ran into the road. (join use: when)

Luckily, Sharifa wasn't driving very fast when the child ran into the road.

23. .... At least a liter and half every day. Tea, coffee, and soft drinks are not water. (use an imperative to give advice) Drink plenty of water.
24. These trousers were too long so (I \ took up \ them) to make them fit. (put in the correct order)
    I took them up
25. My phone rang while we (watch) the movie. (correct the verb)
    Were watching
26. I (like) travelling, but I don't like it any more. (use: used to)
    Used to like

27.............. An average of eight hours a night is about right. (Use an imperative to give advice)

Get enough sleep

28.A thief took our clothes while we (swim). (correct the verb)

were swimming

المرادفات

1. This book is (bored \ boring)
2. We (considerably \ thoroughly) enjoyed all the entertainment.
3. I can't remember when I (took up it \ took it up)
4. How (much \ many) exercise does he take a week?
5. It was the most (frightened \ frightening) day of my life.
6. We (used to \ didn't use to) have security cameras, but now we have six of them
7. We need a (little \ few) more oranges
8. The children were very (freighted\ frightening(when our car broke down in the desert.
9. I've got (a few\ a little(work to finish, so can you wait a minute?
10. I've got (a few\ a little(work to finish, so can you wait a minute?
11. He's a very (interested\ interesting(person. He has lots of great stories to tell.

12. I like these shoes. Can I (try on them \ try them on)
13. This book is very (bored \ boring). I fall asleep whenever I try to read it
14. What's the most (excited \ exciting) thing, you have ever done?
15. How (many \ much) exercise does he take a week?
16. There isn't (much \ a little) space to put all the stuff.
17. We all dream of living (peaceful \ peacefully) together
18. My flight was (tired / tiring) because it was a twelve hours' flight.
19. Can you (turn it down / turn down it)?
20. We were very (frightened \ frightening) when our car broke in the desert.
21. The story was (beautifully \ beautiful) written.
22. Color, colorful; luxury, luxurious
23. Joint in the arm, W ris t
24. Big, bigger; funny, funnier
25. Polite, impolite; popular, unpopular
26. Pushing, shaking; surprised, puzzled
27. Attract, attractive; delight, delightful.
28. Pleasant, unpleasant; efficient, inefficient
29. fair, unfair; patient, impatient
30. Excite, exciting; peace, peaceful
31. Pain , painful ; peace , peaceful
32. Danger , dangerous ; practice , practica

33. Direct , indirect ; polite , impolite

34. Joint in the leg K nee

35. Happy , unhappy ; correct , incorrect

36. Attract , attractive ; spectacle , spectacular

37. Joint in the arm , S houlder

38. Polite , impolite ; usual , unusual

39. Big , bigger ; dangerous , more dangerous

40. Healthy , unhealthy ; moral , immoral

41. Small , smaller ; good , better

42. Beauty , beautiful ; danger , dangerous

43. The adjective of delight is : delightful

44. fast , faster ; funny , funnier

45. Joint in the arm , E lbow

46. Joint in the leg a nkle

Unit two

القطع

1. can radar guns take pictures ?

   yes, some can take pictures
2. what is a radar detector ?

   it's a machine used by the drivers to detect radar speed guns
3. how does the radar speed gun work ?

   it works by sending radio waves towards the car. or(by radio waves .)
4. radar speed guns can be maintained if they are checked and fixed regularly
5. . why do police use radar speed guns?

   to make the road safe and low enforcement
6. radar guns don't need any maintenance. (true\false) false
7. radar speed guns can be maintained if they are checked and fixed regularly. true
8. Police departments don't use radar guns anymore . (true \ false)
   false
9. Why do some officers direct traffic ?

Some officer direct traffic to make sure that the driving use the roads easily and avoid accident

10. Police must be trained to use the radar correctly . (true \ false)

True

11. What is a radar detector ?. It's a machine used to detect radar speed gun.
12. One of the duties of a police officer is to Direct traffic to make sure that drivers can use the roads easily.

13. Do the police officers have a lot of different duties?

The officers have a lot of duties because there are a lot of different laws

القواعد

1. Take a taxi to the airport. (suggestion)

Shall we take a taxi?

2. I've studied hard for the test, so I think I'll pass. (expectation)

I should pass.

3. A photographer took a picture of the lady. The lady got .... Taken. (complete)

her picture.

4. You like exercising, so I don't think you'll have trouble getting fit. (expectation)

You shouldn't have trouble getting fit

5. Keep your passport in a safe place. (give an advice)

You should keep your passport in a safe place

6. They learnt a lot in the military, so I don't think they will have trouble getting a job. (use should or shouldn't to express expectation)

They learnt a lot in the military so they shouldn't have trouble getting a job.

7. Help you with your baggage. (offer)

Shall I help you with your baggage? Or I'll help you with your

8. You mustn't .... (drives) without your seat belt on. Drive.
9. This is a new computer, so I think it is faster than the other one. (Rewrite the sentence with should or shouldn't)

   It should be faster than the other one.
10. Keep your passport in a safe place. (give an advice).

    You should keep your passport in a safe place.
11. You have always wanted to fly. I think you will like the air force. (use should\shouldn't to express expectation) You should like the Air force.
12. Go to the shops before the plane leave. (suggestion)

    can we go to the shops before the plane leaves?
13. Meet at 3:00 in the departure lounge. (suggestion)

    Can we meet at 3.00 in the departure lounge?
14. (help you with your baggage) (offer: use shall) Shall I help you with your baggage?
15. My father asked someone to fix the computer. My father .... (use get) got the computer fixed
16. Give me your passport. (polite request)

Could (can, would) you give me your passport please?

17. They arrived late because of the traffic jam. The traffic jam ....(complete the sentence use: made) made them arrive late.
18. The journey normally takes four hours so I think we will get there about six. (use should\shouldn't for expectation) so we should get there about six

19. I asked the mechanic to check the brakes. (rewrite with the correct form of -have \ make -) I had the brakes checked
20. My father asked someone to fix the computer. My father ……… (use get) Got computer fixed.
21. He looked outside because he heard a noise. (rewrite with the correct form of: make) A noise made him look outside
22. The wind made the leaves fall (Re-write with the correct form of: make)

المرادفات

1. I (mustn't \needn't) be back later than 8 o'clock tonight or my parents will be angry.
2. The noise (made \ had) her look outside.
3. Please. Put out your cigarette . You (mustn't \ must) smoke in the hospital.
4. When you get in a car, you (must \ mustn't) put on your seat belt.
5. When you get in a car, you (must \ mustn't) put on your seat belt.
6. We left two hours early. We (should \ shouldn't) miss the plane.
7. You are driving fast. You (have to \ needn't) slow down
8. He studied hard. He (should \ shouldn't) pass the exam.
9. Hiba (needn't \mustn't) go to the supermarket today because Dana went yesterday.

10. Muna (gets \ got) married to Ghassan two years ago.
11. The police found fingerprints at the scene. They (should \ shouldn't) arrest the thief soon.
12. Drivers (mustn't \don't have to) jump red signals.
13. You (mustn't / don't have to) speak to the driver when the bus is moving. It is dangerous.
14. we left two hours early. We (should \ shouldn't) miss the plane .

Unit three

القطع

1. what is samira Al-mahmoud ?

samira Al-mahmoud is an interpreter

2. samira's active language is ....

   Arabic.

3. how is it if there are two interpreters working together in the same booth?

   it will be less stressful or easier

4. why shouldn't an interpreter waste time thinking?

   because that make interpreter miss the rest of the speech

5. freelance means people who can't bear to be away from the office for more than a few hours. false

6. Samira Al-mahmoud is (an interpreter \ a banker)

7. Samira read about the subject of oil in order to . Be familiar with technical terms.

8. Why should interpreters read newspapers ?

To get general knowledge and to know what is happening in the world.

9. To train as interpreter, you must get a degree in English or Arabic And a postgraduate diploma In interpreting

10. To train as an interpreter. You need to get a degree in English or Arabic and a postgraduate diploma In interpreting .

11. What are the qualifications of an interpreter?

Get a degree in English then do postgraduate diploma in interpreting.

12. The course in conference interpreting was very. (easy / difficult) Difficult

13. Interpreter must have three active languages. (true \ false)

القواعد

1. If birds fly into wind turbines they (kill). (correct)

If birds fly into wind turbines they will be killed .

2. If I (have) lots of money , I would buy a race house. (put the verb into the correct form)

Had

3. She lost their address. That's why she couldn't write to them. (regret. Use " I wish ")

I wish she hadn't lost their address.

4. I asked Saab "how do you start your business? " . (reported question)

I asked Saab how he started his business.

5. Define a cameraman. Use (operate the camera for films or programs)

A cameraman is someone who operates the camera for film or programs.

6. If my plane (not leave) on time, I'll miss my connection this afternoon. (correct)

If my plane doesn't leave on time, I'll miss my connection this afternoon

7. Unfortunately, I ate three bars of chocolate. That's why I felt sick. (regret use : if only)

If only I hadn't eaten three bars of chocolate.

8. Latifa asked Zaha "when did you decide to be an architect? " (reported question)

When she had decided to be on architect.

9. Will you be able to come to the party? I asked Layla ……. (reported question)

I asked Layla if she would be able to come to the party.

10. Define an architect. Use (designs buildings)

An architect is someone (a person) who designs buildings

11. Unfortunately, I spent all my money at the weekend. That's why I can't buy those bags (regret)

I wish (if only) I hadn't spent all my money at the weekend.

12. They didn't train every day. That's why they lost the match. (regret starting with if only or I wish). I wish (If only) they had trained everyday
13. If she (not apply) for a scholarship, of course she won't get one.(put the verb in the correct order) If she doesn't apply for a scholarship.
14. Unfortunately, I didn't wake up early. That's why I missed my bus. (regret use: I wish)

I wish I had woken up early

15. What's your favorite route ? (write the direct question as a reported question begin with:he asked me) He asked me what my favourite route was
16. Unfortunately, my sister phoned me but I wasn't at home.(regret use: I wish)

I wish (If only) my sister hadn't phoned me.

17. Unfortunately, he fell over during the race. That's why he didn't win. (regret use: if only) If only he hadn't fallen over during the race.
18. How long have you been waiting for Samir? (write the direct question as a reported question: begin with : he asked me)

He asked me how long I had been waiting for Samir.

19. Unfortunately, they didn't train everyday, that's why they lost the match. (regret use: I wish) I wish they had trained every day
20. They lost the match. (show regret using if only ....)

If only they hadn't lost the match

21. Unless he makes a big effort this term, he (not get through) the end of -year exams.(correct) He will (may, can) not get through the end of year exam.

22. have you ever had a scary experience when flying?" she asked .... (reported question) if I had ever had a scary experience when flying.

23. Unfortunately, I didn't wake up early, that's why I missed my bus. (regret use : I wish) I wish I had woken up early

24. You parked illegally and you got a fine . (regret use : if only)

If only you hadn't parked illegally .

25. "have you ever been to Europe? " he asked me (reported speech) If I had been to Europe .

26. If I were you , I (study) hard. I would study

27. My mother asked me, "when are you going to get out of bed? " (reported question)

My mother asked me when I were going to get out of bed .

28. You bought some shoes last week. You've decided you don't like them.(regret use : if only)If only I hadn't bought these shoes.

29. He exceeded the speed limit, as a result ; he failed the driving test. (regret use if only)If only he hadn't exceeded the speed limit .

30.You drank a lot of coffee . now you are in bed and you can't sleep. (regret use : if only) If only I hadn't drunk so much coffee .

31. You decided not to go to the park with your friends. Now you regret it. (use:if only)

If only I had gone to the park with my friends.

32.Define a nurse. (use looks after sick people) Is a person who looks after sick people

33.Do you still like the job ? She asked me If I still liked the job (reported question)

المرادفات

1. If I (had \ have) a computer, we could search the internet.
2. If I had passed the test. I (would become \ would have become) a pilot.
3. If I (see \ saw) him, I will tell him your news.
4. She wouldn't have got sunburnt if she (had worn / wore) a hat.
5. Computer , comp ; experience , Exp
6. Appt , appointment ; exp , experience
7. frequent , freq ; computer , comp
8. Company , co ; years , yrs
9. years , 18yrs ; driving licence , driving lic
10. Years , yrs. : buildings , bldgs

Unit five

القطع

1. who are the workaholics ?

the workaholics are people who think that their work is too important to leave in hands of other

2. what can high blood pressure cause? it can cause strokes and heart attacks
3. some people don't take holidays because ....
   they are workaholics. or (they don't leave their work in the hand of others.)
4. holidays are important for everyone, not just the businessman .(true\ false)true
5. holiday can give us a chance to ...... (a, learn new activities b. recover from illnesses c. stop talking about our problems)
   c, stop talking about our problems
6. What can high blood pressure cause ? It cause storks and heart attacks
7. Workaholics are those people who .They don't leaver their work in the hand of other.
8. Define a workaholic ?

Workaholic who think that their work is too important to leave in hands of other .

9. Why do brain and body need a break ?

Because we don't always notice how far we push our bodies, So the human body cannot continue like this indefinitely let us down

القواعد

1. Salwa wants to be an interpreter. She speaks three languages. (join by using the correct relative pronoun).
   Salwa who speaks three languages wants to be an interpreter.
2. After we (speak) to the teacher, we left the classroom. (correct) Had spoken .
3. The story won the first prize. It pleased many writer. (combine with a relative clause)
   The story which (that) pleased many writer, won the first prize .
4. …….. (you \book) a hotel yet? (complete with the correct form of the present perfect)
   Have you booked a hotel yet?
5. My uncle Ali still ride a bike. (he is 80). (join - use - who)
   My uncle Ali, who is 80, still rides a bike.
6. Have you booked (book) a hotel yet ?
7. The car ……. Has broken down, (combine these sentences with a relative clause)
   The car that (which) he bought last month has broken down.
8. A thief got into their house because they (haven't locked \ hadn't locked) the door properly.
9. I haven't ……(pack) my suitcase yet. Packed.
10. …… (you-ever-sleep) under the stars in the desert? (use: present perfect simple)

Have you ever slept under the stars in the desert?

11. Horse riding,.... Is my brother Andy's favourite sport, is expensive.(use: whose-which)

Which.

12. Can I borrow that book after you? Here you are. I......(complete the response using [just] and an appropriate verb) I have just finished it.

13. The Tigris hotel has a fabulous pool. (the pool opened two month ago). [use the correct relative pronoun to make one sentence)

The Tigris Hotel (which/that) opened two months ago has a fabulous pool.

14. This is the girl ..... Comes from Spain. (use a relative pronoun) Who.

15. Let's take Jameel to the new Italian restaurant. He never went there. (Rewrite the sentence correctly) He has never gone there

16. She's writing letters. She started at two o'clock. (write in present perfect continuous with since\for) She has been writing letters since two o'clock.

17. My sister (not be) to college for three days because of a cold. (correct the form of the verb) hasn't been

18. The star restaurant has a lovely garden.(you can have a meal there on summer evenings). (use the correct relative pronoun to make a sentence) The star Restaurant has a lovely garden where you can have a meal on summer evenings

19. You meet a pilot. You ask : (how long\ be a pilot). (write a question using the words in bracket) How long have you been a pilot?

20.......(you\ buy) any maps of Landon or guidebooks yet? (complete with the correct form) Have you bought any maps of London or guidebooks yet?

21. (how long\you\be a pilot?) [question use present perfect simple or continuous)

How long have you been a pilot?

22.I ....(lock) the door before I left the house,(use past perfect or past simple)

had locked.

23.A scorpion (hold) [write true sentence with "never" about you] I have never held a scorpion.

24. Bashir is going to buy a car very soon. (he passed his driving test last week) [use the correct relative pronoun to make one sentence]

Bashir, who passed his driving test last week, is going to buy a car very soon.

25.Did Salwa's family moved house yet ? (correct the sentence)

Has Salwa's family moved house yet ?

26.I met my old friend and he (not change) much.(correct the verb in bracket) Hadn't changed.

27.Let's take Jameel to the new Chinese restaurant. He never went there. (correct the sentence)

He has never been there

28.How long was the training? He asked how long the training had been (reported question)

29.What time (have they gone) to bed last night ?

Had they gone

30.I (cook) for two hours. (present prefect simple or continuous) .I have cooking for two hours

31. You ever (ride) on an elephant? Have you ever ridden...

32.My friend Adam caught three huge fish yesterday. He loves fishing. (combine the two sentence with a relative pronoun)

My friend Adam who loves fishing , caught three huge fish yesterday .

المرادفات

complete the sentences with (who-whose-which-where-that):

1. Mary, whose Camera cast more than $100, is still not very good at taking photos.
2. Babylon city, where People like to go sightseeing, is a beautiful place.
3. The thief who Stole the shop must be punished.

4. The book that \ which Has the information I wanted was missing.
5. The cheque that \ which I deposited on the 10th was for 450 pounds.
6. Babylon city , (which \ where) people like to go sightseeing is a beautiful place .
7. Have you (ever \ never) camped in the desert ?
8. Layla is in the kitchen. She (has been cooking\ cooks) for three house now.
9. How many letters (did you write\ have you written) so far today ?
10. A thief got into their house because they (haven't locked\ hadn't locked) the door properly.
11. Have you (ever \ never) seen our new website?
12. I'm in a really good mood because (I've just finished \I've just been finished) my exams
13. I haven't seen her (since\ for) three month.
14. Souhaib (who's \ whose) brother lives in California, is planning a trip to USA
15. Have you worked here (since \for) you graduated ?
16. When we got to the cinema, the film (has\ had) started.
17. Beirut, (where \ which) if full of cafes, is very interesting.
18. He has had that motorbike (since \ for) three years.
19. Look ! Somebody (has dropped \ has been dropping) his wallet here

20. She has been talking on the phone (for / since) the last 20 minutes.

21. I have had this car (since \ foe) November ,

Unit Six

القطع

1. why is investing in stocks and shares a risky business?

   because people may lose a lot of money as well as gain it

2. financially-minded people who follow the markets invest in stocks shares.>true

3. a banker needs to be a good architect.>false

4. saving accounts benefit people who don't need to access the money. true

5. . One of the banker's skills is to be good at Math (true\false).

True

6. Why should people save money for the future?

People should save money for future because we can enjoy a good standard of living .

7. Investing in storks and shares .(a. Is fun for some people b. Will always make a profit)

A. Is fun for some people

8. Banks that work with large companies can Help them improve and extend their businesses

9. What is one of the skills required from a banker ?

Be good at Math.

10. What is the difficult part of the banker's job ?

the difficult part of the banker's job , he Can't always approve loan

11. A difficult part of a banker's job is that he ....>Can't always approve a loan

12. What is the most popular investment in the UK at the moment ? Invest in property is the most popular investment in the UK

القواعد

1. Somebody will grade our homework over the weekend. (Re-write in the passive form).

Our homework will be graded over the weekend .

2. Somebody is cleaning the room right now. (rewrite in the passive form)

The room is being cleaned right now .

3. (Egypt are in used coins these) . (unscramble the words to make a passive sentence)

These coins are used in Egypt .

4. Somebody took my wallet last week. (change into passive)

My wallet was taken last week

5. The loan is paid back (pay back) with interest at the end of the year.

(was\the\yesterday\bank\robbed). (unscramble the words to make a passive sentence) The blank was robbed yesterday

6. The loan . … (pay back) with interest at the end of the year. Is paid back. Or) Will be paid back
7. Somebody will grade our homework over the weekend.(Rewrite in the passive form)

Our homework will be graded over the weekend.

8. (tomorrow- bill-will-the-be-paid) (unscramble to make a passive sentence)

The bill will be paid tomorrow.

9. Somebody left these books in the classroom. (passive form)

These books were left in the classroom

10. Somebody was opening the gates when we arrived. (Rewrite in the passive form)

The gate were being opened when we arrived

11. My bedroom ….. (paint) , so I'm sleeping in the living room. (complete with the correct passive form)   is being painted.
12. Somebody is cleaning the room right now. (put the sentence into passive)

    The room is being cleaned right now.
13. My father wrote his letter. (rewrite in the passive form)

    this letter was written.
14. The police found fingerprints in the crime scene. (change into passive)

fingerprints were found in the crime scene.

15. Somebody stole my wallet last week. (rewrite in the passive form)

My wallet is stolen last week.

16. The previous owner cut down the trees last year. (put the sentence into passive)

The trees cut down by the previous owner .

17. (renovated /bank / is / the/ being).[unscramble the words to make a passive sentence]

The bank is being renovated

18. (Egypt \ are \ in \ used \ coins \ these) (unscramble the words to make a passive sentence) the coins are used in Egypt

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Unit Seven

القطع

1. why are new jobs appearing all the time ?
   because of the new technology and the fast progress of our life or the varieties of our needs.
2. How is the daily selection of newspaper and magazines in a library useful?
   It is useful to know what jobs are available
3. At the library the writer can learn how to apply for jobs. (true\false) True
4. The writer went to the central library in Baghdad to ....
   Get information about looking for a job

القواعد

1. He is going to be a librarian. He decided he .... (future in the past)
   He was going to be a librarian
2. She is going to her computer course tomorrow. I found out she....... (future in the past)
   Was going to
3. He's going to a painting class this evening. I found out he ....(Rewrite using the future in the past) He was going to a painting class this evening.
4. The internet connection will be working again soon. Our teacher promised that .... (future in the past) Would be working
5. I'm going to learn Chinese. I decided .... (future in the past) I was going -----------.
6. I'm going to learn Chinese. I decided .... (future in the past)
   I was going to learn Chinese.
7. He .... (tell) Dana she passed the exam. (put the verb in the correct future form)
   Is going to tell
8. I'm sorry, I can't go with you. I (have) an interview with the security manager. (use the correct future form) I going to have .
9. She is going to her computer course tomorrow night. I found out she....... (future in the past) was going to her computer course tomorrow.

10. He is leaving (leave) at 10:00 (put the verb in the correct future form)
11. He is going to be a lifeguard. He decided he was going to be a lifeguard (future in the past)
12. I'm going to learn Chinese. I decided .... (future in the past)

I was going to learn Chinese

المرادفات

1. She (is meeting \ meets) the manager tomorrow morning
2. Your room is a mess. When (are you going to clean it up\ do you clean it up) ?
3. I think he (will like \ will be liking) the work.
4. Dana (is going to volunteer \ volunteers) at the hospital when she has more time.
5. I think she (will like \ will be liking) the work.
6. She (learns \ is learning) a lot of new things in the course.
7. I'm sorry I can't go with you. (I'll go \ I'm going to go) to the dentist's then
8. In my old job, my shift (started / starts) at 6:00 every Wednesday, and I worked until 9:00.
9. She (learns \ will be learning) a lot of new skills
10. Register , registration ; apply , application
11. Enhance . Enhancement ; admit , admittance (admission)
12. Apply , application : enroll , enrollment

13. Enhance , enhancement : attend , attendance

Unit Eight

القطع

1. what is the most important aspect of wind power?

   power sailing boats or grind corns or clean or cheap

2. Why can't we only use wind power to supply our energy ?
   Wind power doesn't supply our need of energy
3. what is the most important aspect of wind power ?
   The most important aspect of wind power is clean energy
5. Why does the author say wind power is efficient ?
   Because the land under turbines can still be used for agriculture
6. People think that wind turbines are unattractive and noisy
7. What two complaints do people who live near wind turbines have about them ?

They are unattractive, nosily , make noise, spoil the landscape

8. People complain that wind turbines are Unattractive and nosily . Or) spoil the landscape
9. In what ways has wind power been used for thousands of years ?

   People have used wind power to power sailing boats all over the world and the grind corn into flour for bread.

ملحق

fasten , broken , pain , maintain , balance , faint

1 . she can't play tennis; she has broken her right arm.

2. I felt dizzy, I think I am going to faint .

3. When the plane take off , you have to fasten your seat belt .

4. The minimum balance is 1000 Iraq dinars .

5. Where exactly is the pain and how long have you had it?

regulations, wear, puzzled, physical, leisure, limit

1. I have to do physical exercise at least four times a week.

2. Scientists are finding ways to limit Damage to the environment.

3. She doesn't seem to know what to do with her leisure Time

4. We have to follow a lot of safety regulations At work.

5. I was puzzled to see such a strange question,

astounded, vacancy, spectacular, balance, thoroughly, investigated

1. I couldn't get job. There was no vacancy.

2. I was astounded. I couldn't believe how helpful they were

3. The police officer investigated the criminal and put him in prison.

4. Balance is the total amount of money you have in your account.

5. We thoroughly enjoyed our holiday with Safar tour .

canteen, obey, excursion, skill, register, recycled

1. In some countries, more than 50% of waste is recycled .
2. Hotels will often give you packed lunch if you are going on a full day excursion.
3. You can register for this class by completing a form online .
4. Drivers must obey the speed limit.
5. Breakfast is provided and student can buy other meals in the on-site canteen

separated, balance, display, enroll, hospitality, spoil

1. The total balance was less than a million.
2. The waste is separated into different types.
3. Some people say wind farms spoil the landscape.
4. I'm going to enroll in a computer class.
5. Arabs are famous for their hospitality.

match the beginning in (A) with the suitable endings in (B) :

1. I'm writing to inquire	About my ATM card.
2. If the cases are too heavy	You have to pay extra
3. You shouldn't have any trouble doing the work	Because it is very easy.
4. Food goes bad	Unless you keep it in the Friday.
5. They should be very comfortable	Because it is very nice hotel.
6. People who live near wind farms	Complain about the noise.

match the following words with their definition :

1. vacancy	A company has a space for new employee
2. pollution	The process of damaging the air, water or land with chemicals
3. unattended	Without someone looking after it
4. pickpocket	A person who steals money from your pocket
5. spreadsheet	A computer program that is useful if you are working with numbers

1. withdrawal	Money taken out of your account
2. pilot	Flies a plane
3. Tour guide	Shows tourists a round
4. witness	A person who was or heard something at the time of a crime
5. Paramedics	Medical helpers not doctor or nurses

1) ambitious	Want to succeed
2) unemployed	Out of a job
3) A fine welcome	hospitality
4) A large meeting to discuss something	conference
5) A person who saw or heard something	witness

1. You need to get a special license	To drive a lorry
2. If he's used computers before	He should know how to use this software
3. We mustn't forget	To take our passport
4. I must get up early tomorrow	Because I don't want to be late again
5. I don't have to	Leave so soon
6. Could you please let me know	When I will receive my card ?

1. Put someone in prison	arrest
2. unemployed	Out of job
3. Without success	To no avail
4. supervise	Be in charge of
5. Outside the military	civilian
6. Medical helpers (not doctor or nurses	paramedics

ferry	A boat that transports people and goods
Boarding card	If you lose this, you can't get on an airplane
spectacular	Something which is wonderful to look at
transaction	Activity in your bank account
vacancy	The company has a space for a new employee
Packed lunch	Hotels will often give you this if you're going on a full day excursion

1. Headphones	Things you put over your ears to listen privately
2. vacancy	The company has a space for a new employee
3. Job-seeker	A person who is looking for a job

4. Seat belt	This protects you when you are driving of flying
5. application	A written request
6. paramedics	Medical helpers (not doctors or nurses)

1. waste	Useless materials left after using something.
2. logging	Cutting down trees for wood
3. surgeon	Operates on people in hospital
4. ambitious	This means that you really want to succeed
5. Boarding card	If you lose it you can't get on an airplane

ملاحظه /

هاي الجداول تجيكم بالوزاري جدول A و جدول B مخربطات الي عليكم تسوو تواصلون بينهن الي فوك محلولات يعني موصلات وكاملات .. الي مأشره بالاصفر هذا من ضمن درخ

حطيتهن ذني حتى تطلعون ووتعودون على تنوع الاسئلة

1. Trees are renewable \ non-renewable source of energy
2. The ferry works \ operates throughout the year.
3. An elbow is a join \ joint in the arm.
4. I can make \ take a withdrawal at an ATM at any time
5. A large meeting to discuss something is a conference \ workshop .
6. If you don't have confidence in someone, you distrust \ discourage .

----

1. In the military, you can take a test to become an officer \ official
2. She is a geometric \ medical student. She should qualify as a doctor in two years time .
3. To cross the river we had to sail \ board a ferry
4. This \ that is Samir Esam
5. I'm calling about \ because your advert in yesterday's paper.
6. At 11;15 police were called \ alerted by Mr.Smith

----

1. We considerably \ thoroughly enjoyed all the entertainment.
2. If you dislike \ distrust someone you don't have confidence in them.
3. In the military, you can have a test to become an officer \ official.
4. I deposited \ installed 5 million Iraqi dinar this morning.
5. Let's go on a package \ packed deal to walk.
6. My ankle \ elbow hurts. I can't walk.

1. In the military, you can take a test to become an (officer \ official)
2. You must be 18 years old to (belong \ join) the military .
3. We (considerably \ thoroughly) enjoyed all the entertainment.
4. My father (opened \ made) an account for me when I was quite young.
5. To cross the river we had to (sail \ board) a ferry .

Some accounts (cost \ pay) more interest than other

#عالماشي (مجموعة ملاحظات)

من تلكه be بين قوسين (be)

ف باوع للزمن

اذا ماضي تصير

Was ,were حسب الفاعل

اذا مضارع

Is , are , am وحسب الفاعل

اذا تام

Been

اذا اجت وره فعل مساعد كون الفعل الورا مجرد ف تنزل نفسهة

Will, would , can , could , should

ذني لازم وراهن الفعل مجرد ف تبقه مثل ماهي

Did تشيل صفه الماضي من الفعل

He (played)

He didn't (play)

و does تشيل ال s من الفعل

He(plays)

Does he(play)

بزمن المضارع التام

اذا اكو never بالجمله مايصير تخلي not

لان never تنطي معنى النفي

He has never played football

He hasn't never played football X

Since هاي

تجي وره هاي

ايام الاسبوع والاشهر والفصول والسنوات

Sunday , July , weekend , 1990

كلمه O'clock

كلمه last

The beginning , the end of

The morning, the evening , the breakfast

ذني كلهن تجي كبلهن since

Will , would , can , could , should , may , might

دائما وراهن مصدر

المصدر هو الفعل المصلخ ..يعني كل اضافه مابي

لاتستغربون من هاي الملاحظه بس واثق نصكم ميعرفهة

Do does

ماضيهن did

تصريف ثالث الهن done

...

Have , has

ماضيهن had وهو نفسه تصريف الثالث

..

Go ماضيهة went تصريفهة gone

ضمائر الفاعل شنو هو الضمير الي يحل محل الفاعل واو

يعني بدال ماكول ali اكول he

شنو هنه ضمائر الفاعل

HE , SHE , They , we , you , I , It

ضمائر المفعول به نفس الحجي بس تعوض المفعول به

طبعا كل ضمير فاعل يقابله ضمير مفعول به

He = him

She = her

It = it

You = you

I= me

They = them

We = us

I'd

اختصار بي اختيارين

لو I had

لو I would

شلون اعرف زين

اباوع للفعل الي وراهة

اذا تصريف ثالث ف هاي I had

اذا مجرد ف هاي I would

تم بعون الله

معرف تليكرام قناة الانكليزي للمزيد

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معرفي لأي سؤال

@SAIFSHAKER